

## **GAN111-650WSB**

# 650 V, 97 mOhm Gallium Nitride (GaN) FET in a TO-247 package

24 June 2024

**Product data sheet** 

#### 1. General description

The GAN111-650WSB is a 650 V, 97 m $\Omega$  Gallium Nitride (GaN) FET in a TO-247 package. It is a normally-off device that combines Nexperia's latest high-voltage GaN HEMT H2 technology and low-voltage silicon MOSFET technologies — offering superior reliability and performance.

#### 2. Features and benefits

- Ultra-low reverse recovery charge
- Simple gate drive (0 V to +10 V or +12 V)
- Robust gate oxide (±20 V capability)
- High gate threshold voltage (+4 V) for very good gate bounce immunity
- Very low source-drain voltage in reverse conduction mode
- Transient over-voltage capability

#### 3. Applications

- · Hard and soft switching converters for industrial and datacom power
- AC/DC Bridgeless totem-pole PFC
- DC/DC High-frequency resonant converters
- Datacom and telecom (AC/DC and DC/DC) converters
- Solar (PV) inverters
- · Servo motor drives
- TV PSU and LED drivers

#### 4. Quick reference data

#### Table 1. Quick reference data

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>DS</sub>	drain-source voltage	-55 °C ≤ T <sub>j</sub> ≤ 175 °C	-	-	650	V
I <sub>D</sub>	drain current	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V; T <sub>mb</sub> = 25 °C; <u>Fig. 2</u>	-	-	21	Α
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	T <sub>mb</sub> = 25 °C; <u>Fig. 1</u>	-	-	107	W
T <sub>j</sub>	junction temperature		-55	-	175	°C
Static charact	eristics			'		
R <sub>DSon</sub>	drain-source on-state resistance	$V_{GS}$ = 10 V; $I_D$ = 14 A; $T_j$ = 25 °C; Fig. 10	-	97	114	mΩ
Dynamic char	acteristics					<u>'</u>
$Q_{GD}$	gate-drain charge	I <sub>D</sub> = 14 A; V <sub>DS</sub> = 400 V; V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V;	-	8.0	-	nC
Q <sub>G(tot)</sub>	total gate charge	T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C; <u>Fig. 12</u> ; <u>Fig. 13</u>	-	4.9	-	nC
Source-drain	diode					
Q <sub>r</sub>	recovered charge	$I_S = 20 \text{ A}; dI_S/dt = -1000 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s};$ $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}; Fig. 20$	-	65	-	nC



## 5. Pinning information

**Table 2. Pinning information** 

Pin	Symbol	Description	Simplified outline	Graphic symbol
1	G	gate	mb	D
2	S	source		
3	D	drain		
mb	S	mounting base; connected to source	1 2 3 TO-247-3L (SOT429-3)	G S aaa-028116

## 6. Ordering information

**Table 3. Ordering information** 

Type number	Package		
	Name	Description	Version
GAN111-650WSB	TO-247-3L	Plastic single-ended through-hole package; heatsink mounted; 1 mounting hole; 3-lead TO-247-3L	SOT429-3

## 7. Marking

Table 4. Marking codes

Type number	Marking code
GAN111-650WSB	GAN111 650WSB

## 8. Limiting values

#### Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{DS}$	drain-source voltage	-55 °C ≤ T <sub>j</sub> ≤ 175 °C	-	650	V
V <sub>TDS</sub>	transient drain to source voltage	pulsed; $t_p = 1 \mu s$ ; $\delta_{factor} = 0.01$	-	725	V
$V_{GS}$	gate-source voltage		-20	20	V
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	T <sub>mb</sub> = 25 °C; <u>Fig. 1</u>	-	107	W
I <sub>D</sub>	drain current	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V; T <sub>mb</sub> = 25 °C; <u>Fig. 2</u>	-	21	А
		V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V; T <sub>mb</sub> = 100 °C; <u>Fig. 2</u>	-	14.8	А
I <sub>DM</sub>	peak drain current	pulsed; $t_p \le 10 \mu s$ ; $T_{mb} = 25 \text{ °C}$ ; Fig. 3	-	84	А
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature		-55	175	°C
Tj	junction temperature		-55	175	°C
T <sub>sld(M)</sub>	peak soldering temperature	wave soldering only allowed at leads; soldering time of ≤ 10s	-	260	°C

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>ESD</sub>	electrostatic discharge voltage	human body model	250	-	V
Source-drain d	iode				
I <sub>S</sub>	source current	T <sub>mb</sub> = 25 °C; V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V	-	21	А
I <sub>SM</sub>	peak source current	pulsed; $t_p \le 10 \mu s$ ; $T_{mb} = 25 °C$	-	84	А

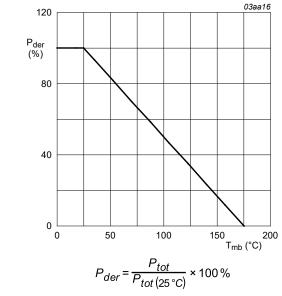


Fig. 1. Normalized total power dissipation as a function of mounting base temperature

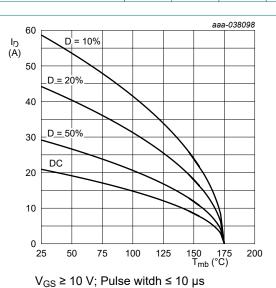
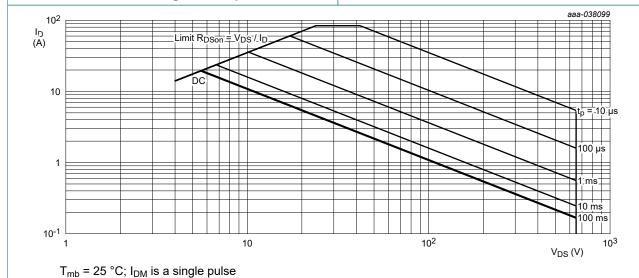


Fig. 2. Continuous drain current as a function of mounting base temperature



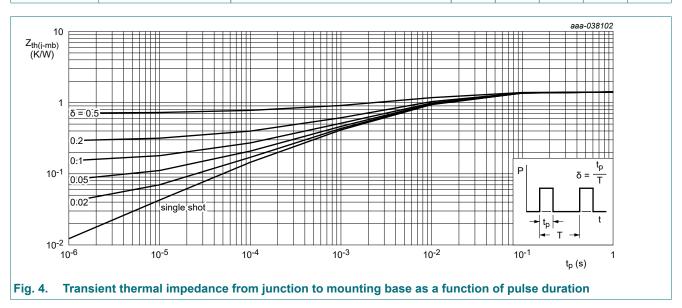
#### 9. Thermal characteristics

**Table 6. Thermal characteristics** 

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
R <sub>th(j-mb)</sub>	thermal resistance from junction to mounting base	Fig. 4	-	1	1.4	K/W

Safe operating area; continuous and peak drain currents as a function of drain-source voltage

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$R_{th(j-sp)}$	thermal resistance from		-	-	40	K/W
3 1,	junction to solder point					



## 10. Characteristics

**Table 7. Characteristics** 

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Static char	acteristics					
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	gate-source threshold	$I_D = 1 \text{ mA}; V_{DS} = V_{GS}; T_j = 25 \text{ °C}$	3.5	4.1	4.8	V
	voltage	I <sub>D</sub> = 1 mA; V <sub>DS</sub> =V <sub>GS</sub> ; T <sub>j</sub> = 175 °C; <u>Fig. 9</u>	2.4	-	-	V
		$I_D = 1 \text{ mA}; V_{DS} = V_{GS}; T_j = -55 \text{ °C}; Fig. 9$	-	-	5.4	V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	drain leakage current	V <sub>DS</sub> = 650 V; V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V; T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C	-	1	10	μA
		V <sub>DS</sub> = 650 V; V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V; T <sub>j</sub> = 175 °C	-	10	-	μΑ
I <sub>GSS</sub>	gate leakage current	V <sub>GS</sub> = -20 V; V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V; T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C	-	10	400	nA
		V <sub>GS</sub> = 20 V; V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V; T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C	-	10	400	nA
R <sub>DSon</sub>	drain-source on-state resistance	$V_{GS}$ = 10 V; $I_{D}$ = 14 A; $T_{j}$ = 25 °C; Fig. 10	-	97	114	mΩ
		V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V; I <sub>D</sub> = 14 A; T <sub>j</sub> = 175 °C; Fig. 11	-	242	285	mΩ
R <sub>G</sub>	gate resistance	f = 1 MHz	2.4	6	15	Ω
Dynamic cl	naracteristics		'			
Q <sub>G(tot)</sub>	total gate charge	I <sub>D</sub> = 14 A; V <sub>DS</sub> = 400 V; V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V;	-	4.9	-	nC
Q <sub>GS</sub>	gate-source charge	T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C; <u>Fig. 12</u> ; <u>Fig. 13</u>	-	2.3	-	nC
Q <sub>GD</sub>	gate-drain charge		-	0.8	-	nC
C <sub>iss</sub>	input capacitance	V <sub>DS</sub> = 400 V; V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V; f = 1 MHz;	-	336	-	pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	output capacitance	T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C; <u>Fig. 14</u>	-	49	-	pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	reverse transfer capacitance		-	0.3	-	pF
C <sub>o(er)</sub>	effective output capacitance, energy related	$0 \text{ V} \le \text{ V}_{DS} \le 400 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{GS} = 0 \text{ V};$ f = 1 MHz; T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C; <u>Fig. 15</u>	-	70	-	pF

Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
effective output capacitance, time related	$0 \text{ V} \le \text{ V}_{DS} \le 400 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{GS} = 0 \text{ V};$ f = 1 MHz; T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C		-	162	-	pF
turn-on delay time	$V_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}; R_L = 29 \Omega; V_{GS} = 12 \text{ V};$		-	13	-	ns
rise time	$R_{G(ext)} = 12 \Omega$ ; $I_S = 14 A$ ; <u>Fig. 16</u> ; <u>Fig. 17</u>		-	12	-	ns
turn-off delay time			-	20	-	ns
fall time			-	8	-	ns
output charge	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>DS</sub> = 400 V; <u>Fig. 18</u>		-	65	-	nC
diode			•	'		
source-drain voltage	I <sub>S</sub> = 14 A; V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V; T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C; <u>Fig. 19</u>		-	1.8	-	V
	$I_S = 7 \text{ A}; V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; T_j = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}; Fig. 19$		-	1.3	-	V
reverse recovery time	$I_S = 20 \text{ A}; dI_S/dt = -1000 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s};$		-	18	-	ns
recovered charge	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}; Fig. 20$		-	65	-	nC
	effective output capacitance, time related  turn-on delay time rise time  turn-off delay time fall time output charge  diode  source-drain voltage  reverse recovery time	effective output capacitance, time related	effective output capacitance, time related $ \begin{array}{ll} 0 \ V \leq V_{DS} \leq 400 \ V; \ V_{GS} = 0 \ V; \\ f = 1 \ MHz; \ T_j = 25 \ ^{\circ}C \\ \\ \text{turn-on delay time} \\ \text{turn-off delay time} \\ \text{fall time} \\ \text{output charge} \\ \\ \text{Source-drain voltage} \\ \\ \text{I}_S = 7 \ A; \ V_{GS} = 0 \ V; \ T_j = 25 \ ^{\circ}C; \ Fig. \ 19 \\ \\ \text{I}_S = 7 \ A; \ V_{GS} = 0 \ V; \ T_j = 25 \ ^{\circ}C; \ Fig. \ 19 \\ \\ \text{I}_S = 20 \ A; \ dI_S/dt = -1000 \ A/\mus;} \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ Fig. \ 20 \\ \\ \text{Veg. = 0 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V; \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V_{DS} = 4000 \ V_{DS} = 400 \ V_{DS} = 4000 \ V_{DS} = 4000 \ V_{DS} =$	effective output capacitance, time related $ \begin{array}{lll} \text{O V} \leq \text{V}_{DS} \leq 400 \text{ V}; \text{V}_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; \\ \text{f} = 1 \text{ MHz}; \text{T}_j = 25 \text{ °C} \\ \text{turn-on delay time} \\ \text{turn-on delay time} \\ \text{V}_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}; \text{R}_L = 29 \ \Omega; \text{V}_{GS} = 12 \text{ V}; \\ \text{R}_{G(ext)} = 12 \ \Omega; \text{I}_S = 14 \text{ A}; \text{Fig. 16}; \text{Fig. 17} \\ \text{turn-off delay time} \\ \text{fall time} \\ \text{output charge} \\ \text{V}_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; \text{V}_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}; \text{Fig. 18} \\ \text{diode} \\ \\ \text{source-drain voltage} \\ \text{I}_S = 14 \text{ A}; \text{V}_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; \text{T}_j = 25 \text{ °C}; \text{Fig. 19} \\ \text{I}_S = 7 \text{ A}; \text{V}_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; \text{T}_j = 25 \text{ °C}; \text{Fig. 19} \\ \text{I}_S = 20 \text{ A}; \text{dI}_S/\text{dt} = -1000 \text{ A/µs}; \\ \text{V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}; \text{V}_{SS} = 400 \text{ V}; \text{Fig. 20} \\ \text{Fig. 20} \\ \text{R}_{SS} = 10 \text{ V}; \text{R}_{SS} = 10 \text{ V}$	effective output capacitance, time related $0 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DS} \le 400 \text{ V}; \text{V}_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; \\ f = 1 \text{ MHz}; \text{T}_j = 25 \text{ °C} \\ \text{turn-on delay time} \\ \text{V}_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}; \text{R}_L = 29 \ \Omega; \text{V}_{GS} = 12 \text{ V}; \\ \text{R}_{G(ext)} = 12 \ \Omega; \text{I}_S = 14 \text{ A}; \text{Fig. 16}; \text{Fig. 17} \\ \text{turn-off delay time} \\ \text{fall time} \\ \text{output charge} \\ \text{V}_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; \text{V}_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}; \text{Fig. 18} \\ \text{output charge} \\ \text{Source-drain voltage} \\ \text{I}_S = 14 \text{ A}; 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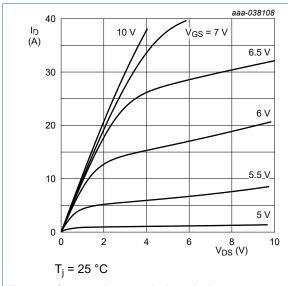


Fig. 5. Output characteristics; drain current as a function of drain-source voltage; typical values

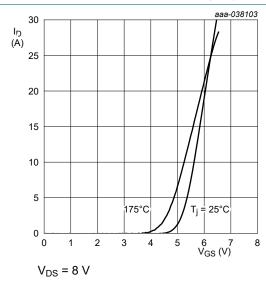


Fig. 7. Transfer characteristics; drain current as a function of gate-source voltage; typical values

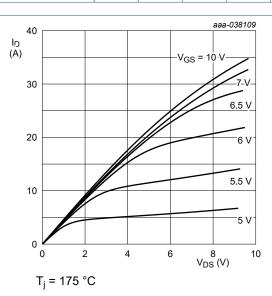
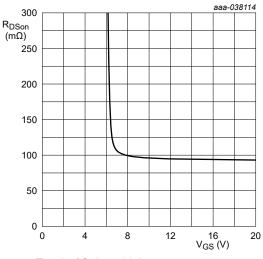


Fig. 6. Output characteristics; drain current as a function of drain-source voltage; typical values



 $T_i = 25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}; I_D = 14 \,\text{A}$ 

Fig. 8. Drain-source on-state resistance as a function of gate-source voltage; typical values

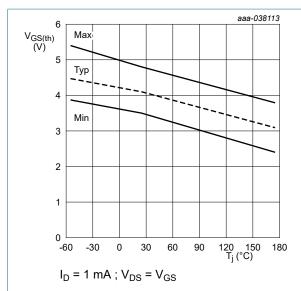


Fig. 9. Gate-source threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature

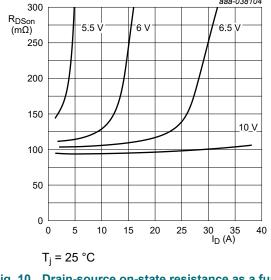


Fig. 10. Drain-source on-state resistance as a function of drain current; typical values

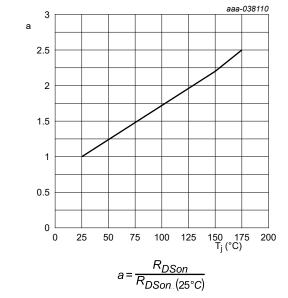


Fig. 11. Normalized drain-source on-state resistance factor as a function of junction temperature

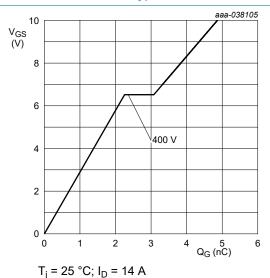


Fig. 12. Gate-source voltage as a function of gate charge; typical values

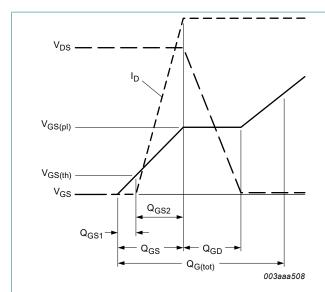


Fig. 13. Gate charge waveform definitions

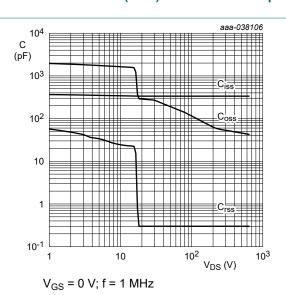


Fig. 14. Input, output and reverse transfer capacitances as a function of drain-source voltage; typical

values

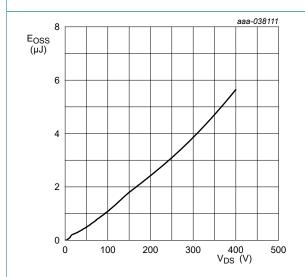


Fig. 15. Typical COSS Stored Energy

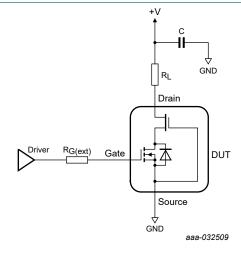


Fig. 16. Switching time test circuit

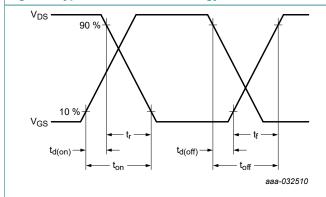


Fig. 17. Switching time waveform

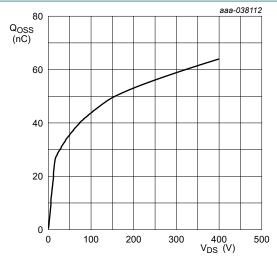


Fig. 18. Typical QOSS

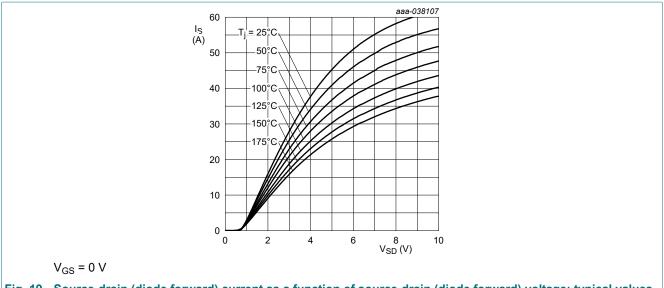
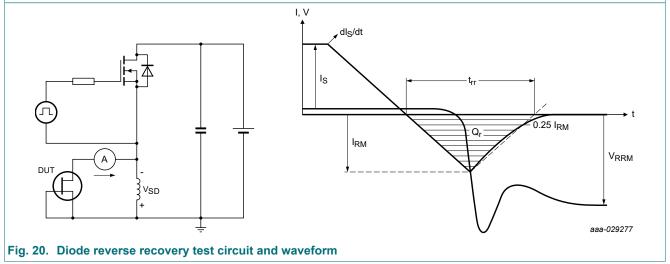


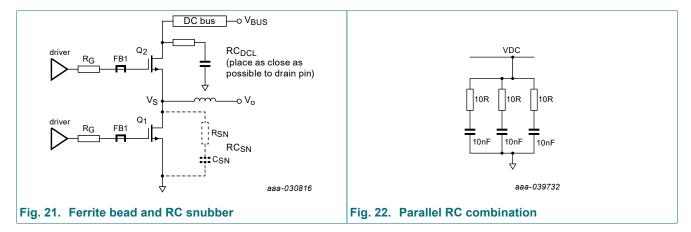
Fig. 19. Source-drain (diode forward) current as a function of source-drain (diode forward) voltage; typical values



## 11. Application information

To achieve stable switching performance, the following recommendations should be adopted:

- Gate resistor, R<sub>G</sub> = 30 Ω
- Gate ferrite bead = 30 Ω @ 100 MHz (part number: BLM18PG300SN1D)
- Switch node snubber, R<sub>SN</sub> = 33 pF, 37.5 Ω optional



GAN111-650WSB

**Note:** A DC-link resonance damper is recommended in all cases. Optimal is 30 nF in series with 3.3  $\Omega$ , most easily achieved with parallel combination 10 nF and 10  $\Omega$ . This resonance damper lowers the Q factor of any resonance in the bus. That resonance will act as a load on the high gain amplifier that is the GaN FET and can lead to instability. For very high current, an RC snubber is recommended for the switching node. This will increase switching loss, so this is only recommended at high power levels where the losses are a very small percentage of the total power.

## 12. Package outline

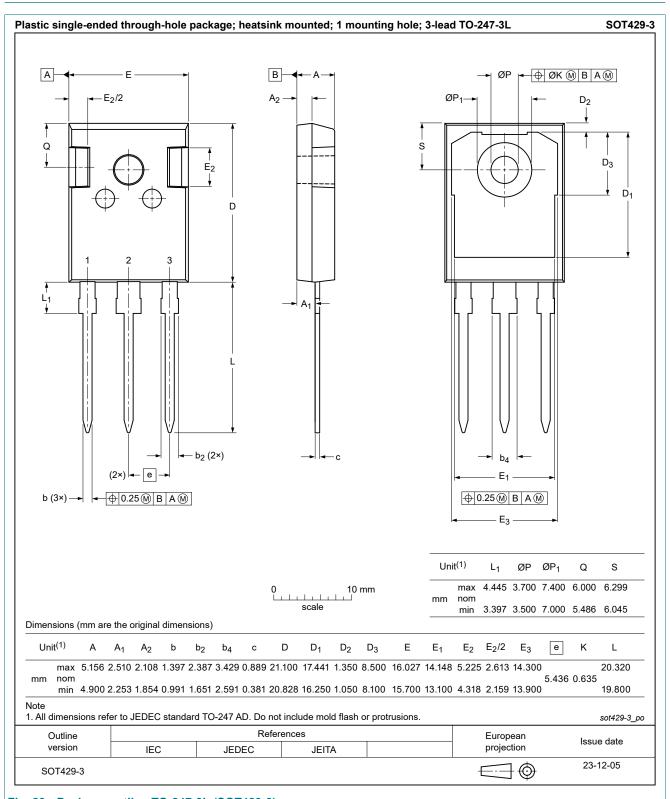


Fig. 23. Package outline TO-247-3L (SOT429-3)

### 13. Legal information

#### Data sheet status

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
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